楽しみながら英語を身につけましょ! c. 2023 GAMES · PUZZLES · QUIZZES · JOKES... e.co www.et-peop

Did you read last month's ETP? Take the quiz! Fill in the blanks with the choices below.

下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

### there is • there are • let alone brush up on • out loud barely • read my mind • fortune

- 1. A: Let's read the story ( together. Who wants to start?
  - B: I will, Mrs. Johnson.
- 2. A: Does Yusei speak English?
  - B: He is only two! He can't speak Japanese ) English! yet, (
- 3. A: Where did you put the cookies, Mom?
  - ) no cookies left, but there's a piece of pie in the *fridge*\*.
  - A: Yum!
- 4. A: I have to attend a meeting in Frankfurt on the 20<sup>th</sup> of next month.
  - B: Oh! That doesn't give you much time to ) your German!
- 5. A: How was your flight?
  - B: It was fine, but I ( caught my connecting flight. I had to run!
  - A: Oh, *I hate it when*\* that happens.
- 6. A: ( ) a hat and gloves on the kitchen table.
  - B: They're Tom's. He *must have left\** for school without them.
  - A: He'll be OK. It's not that cold today.
- 7. A: What's a (
  - B: It's someone who tells you what is going to happen in the future.
  - A: Hm. Can people really do that?
  - B: I have no idea\*.
- 8. A: I'm starving\*.
  - B: Me, too. Let's order from Marco's!
  - A: You (
  - B: What do you want on your pizza?
  - A: Mushrooms and extra cheese.
- fridge = 冷蔵庫 = refrigerator
- hate it when SV = ~が嫌である
- must have done = ~したに違いない
- have no idea = さっぱり分からない
- ・be starving = おなかがぺこぺこである

The examples below contain the

SIMPLE PRESENT【単純現在形】 to talk about the future when something is scheduled. Can you match the parts that go together? 上と下をつないで意味の通る文章を作りましょう。

- A: What time does your flight leave? [1]=[b]
  - A: Does Mike work tomorrow? [2]=[ ]
  - A: What time does the movie start? [3]=[
    - A: They leave on the  $5^{th}$ , right? [4]=[
  - A: Volleyball *practice*\* starts at 3:15. [5]=[
    - A: The meeting starts at 1:00. [6]=[
    - A: What time do you close today? [7]=[
- A: I can't *make it*\* there by 9:00. What [8]= time do you open tomorrow?
- [a] B: We close at 9:00.
- [b] B: Let me see.... It leaves at 7:45 a.m.
- [c] B: We open at 10:00 in the morning.
- [d] B: Yes. He works from 10:00 to 3:00.
- [e] B: Right. And they get back on the 12<sup>th</sup>.
- B: OK. I'll tell the other staff members. |f|
- B: In 10 minutes\*. We'll never make it to the theater before it starts.
- [h] B: What time does it end? I can pick you up after practice. Answers on p. 11.

· practice = 練習, 部活

・make it to A = Aに間に合う

・make it to A = Aに間に合う 英語リスニングが無料でできる! ・in 10 minutes = 今から10分後に www.et-people.com



# 1-POINT GUIZ

ボックス内の例を見て、ルールを考えて、 クイズを解いて見ましょう。

Using **SO** and **SUCH** can be confusing. Look at the examples below:

- 1 That story is **so** interesting.
- = That's **such** an interesting story.
- ② The kids ate **so** quickly.
  - = The kids were **such** quick eaters!
- ③ I can't believe I was so foolish!
  - = I can't believe I was **such** a fool.
- 4 The test was **so** long.
  - = That was **such** a long test.

### What's the Rule?

Circle the correct answer.

- B We use [so such] before an adverb [副詞], like "slowly" or "quietly."
- © We use **[ so such ]** before an adjective + a noun [形容詞+名詞], like "a cool night" or "cheap shoes."
- D We use **[ so such ]** before a noun that implies judgement [判断を意味する 名詞], like "a fool" or "a gentleman."

### Fill in the blanks with **SO** or **SUCH**.

- 1. It was [ ] a boring movie! I fell asleep watching it.
- 2. That restaurant is [ ] expensive. Let's go somewhere else.
- 3. Since I'm [ ] a bad cook, I usually go out to eat or *order in\**.
- 4. It's raining [ ] hard that I can't see the road ahead of me.
- 5. He's [ ] a gentleman! His parents taught him good manners.
- 6. Kate was [ ] happy when her mom and dad finally let her get a puppy.
- 7. It was [ ] loud in the restaurant that we couldn't hear each other talk.
- 8. The boy ran [ ] fast that he was out of breath\* when he got home.
- 9. Wow! I've never seen [ ] big pumpkins before! They're *huge\**!
- 10. It's a gift for my best friend. I never buy

  [ ] expensive things for myself.
- 11. The book Robert gave me was [ ] good that I stayed up all night reading it.
- 12. I was [ ] tired last night that I fell asleep on the train and missed my stop.
- ・order in = 出前を頼む
- ・out of breath = 息を切らして
- ・huge = でっかい

Answers on p. 11.









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FOLLOW ETPEOPLE! AND TAKE THE

# micro lesson quiz

Fill in the blanks with the choices below. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

play it by ear • genetic • butt shapewear • see what I can do house wine • snob • schadenfreude

- 1. A: Wow! That dress is so slimming\*!
  - B: It's not the dress that makes me look slim. It's the (
- 2. A: Do you have a favorite coffee brand?
  - B: Not really. I'll drink any kind. I'm not a coffee ( ).
- 3. A: Don got fired\*. I feel sorry for him.
  - B: I don't. He was rude\* to everyone in the office. Actually, I feel a sense of ( ).
- 4. A: I don't know what kind of wine to order.
  - B: Let's get the (
  - A: Good idea. It's the cheapest.
- 5. A: You have high cholesterol? But you're so thin and you exercise a lot!
  - B: I know. My dad and sister have it too.
  - A: It must be ( ).
- 6. A: What is your cat doing?
  - B: He's "hiding" behind the plant. He's so stupid! He doesn't know we can see his ( ) and tail.
- 7. A: Should we go to the museum or the park tomorrow morning?
  - B: Let's ( ). We may just want to sleep in\* tomorrow.
- 8. A: When will it arrive?
  - B: On Monday the 20th.
  - A: Is there any way\* we can get it by Friday?
  - B: I'll (

Answers on p. 11

- slimming = 痩せて見える
- got fired = くびになった
- rude = 失礼, 無礼
- sleep in = ゆっくり寝る, 遅くまで寝ている
- is there any way  $SV = \sim$ する方法はあるのだろうか

# Sentence Scramble

Can you unscramble E-class's sentences? 単語を並べ替えて文章を作りましょう。

Practice using **(Do you) Want me to ~?** [~してほしいですか? • ~しましょうか?]

例: a to Do me you you want call taxi

Do you want me to call you a taxi?

1. to Do me for you wait want

2

2. to Do me you you walk home want

?

3. to Do me for you that want carry

?

<sub>4.</sub> to to Do me eat you you want make something

2

5. at to Do me up the you you pick want airport

?

Answers on p. 11.

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# That Would Be a Big Help\*

mom around the house. Sometimes he helps to see it!" with the dishes. Sometimes he helps her put groceries away. Sometimes he runs to the the kitchen where his mom was making dinner. **store** for her. He is always trying to be helpful.

One day his mother bought a new desk for her home office. It came in two big boxes and had to be assembled. Johnny's mom was too busy to do it right away, so she put the boxes in the office. Johnny saw them and offered to help.

"Do you want me to put that desk together for you, Mom?" he asked.

"If you think you can do it," she said, "that would be a big help."

"Oh, I'm sure I can do it. I've put together model planes and trains with way more parts!"

"All right, then. Give it a shot!" she said.

Johnny opened the boxes and took out the instructions first. Then he laid out all of the parts. Everything he needed was there—screws of various sizes, drawer handles, and a small screwdriver—so he got started.

After he had been working on the desk for

an hour and a half, his mom checked on him.

"How's it going?" she asked.

"Pretty well. I'm almost finished," he said.

"Great!" she answered.

Johnny is 10 years old. He loves to help his "Let me know when you're all done. I can't wait

About half an hour later Johnny came into

"It's all done," he said. "Come and see it!"

"OK, let me go have a look," she said.

They went to the office together, and his mom saw the desk. It looked just like it did in the pictures, but on top of the desk was a small bag with several screws and other small parts in it.

"What are those?" his mom asked.

"Oh, nothing," he said. "Just leftover parts."

**help with A** = Aを手伝う, Aに役立つ

groceries = 食料品

**run to A** = ちょっとAまで行って来る

home office = 自宅内オフィス

**assemble A** = Aを組み立てる

offer to do= ~することを申し出る

put A together = Aを組み立てる

that would be a big help = それは大変助かります

way more A (than B) = BよりはるかにAがある

give A a shot= Aをやってみる

instructions = 説明書

lay out A / lay A out = (よく見えるように) Aを広げる an hour and a half = 1時間半 = one and a half hours

almost finished = もう少しで出来上がり

all done= (全て)終わった

half an hour = 30分 = thirty minutes

**leftover parts** = 余った部品

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Put the prepositions in the blanks to finish Yui's story. Use each ONLY ONCE and write X if none is needed.

空欄の前置詞を入れましょう。それぞれ一度しか使うことはできません。 前置詞が必要ない場所には X を入れてください。 Answers on p. 11.

### of to near over with

This summer, it was unusually hot. *Unagi*, or eel, is a superfood\* that is often eaten (a) the summer because they say that it helps us **beat the summer heat**. About a month ago, in August, I ate some eel. I didn't use to like\* eel. I had tried it twice before, but I didn't like it. That's mainly because I don't like (b) fish bones. But last month, my friend invited me to go and eat eel (c) her. She wanted me to try eel again because she thought I was missing out\*. So I agreed to go. We went (d)\_\_\_\_\_ a nice unagi restaurant (e)\_\_\_\_\_ Nagoya Station, and I tried eel one more time. This time I had hitsumabushi, which is a popular dish (f) unagi that is brushed with a sweet, soy-based sauce, then grilled\* (g) a fire, then placed on top of white rice and served in a wooden bowl. This time, it was surprisingly\* good! I will definitely\* eat eel again next summer. If you haven't tried hitsumabushi, you don't know what you're missing\*!

- superfood = スーパーフード, 栄養価の高い食品
- beat the (summer) heat = (夏の) 暑さをしのぐ
- used to like A = 昔はAが好きだった
- miss out (on A) = (Aを)逃す
- grilled A= 焼いたA
- surprisingly = 驚くほどに
- will definitely do = 絶対に~する
- You don't know what you're missing! = もったいないのになあ!

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可能な返事が3つあります。 当てはまらないものにXをつけましょう。

There are 3 correct answers and 1 that doesn't fit. Find the ONE answer that DOES NOT make sense.

A: Where are you guys going? B: To the haunted house!

A: Have you been there before?

B: ( 1 )

a. Yes, I did.

b. No, I haven't.

c. Yes, this will be my second time.

d. Yes, I went there last Friday.

A: The meeting has been moved?

B: Yes, to the main conference room.

A: Where's that?

B: ( 2

a. I didn't know that.

b. It's on the 3rd floor.

c. It's three right above us.

d. It's down that hall on the left.

A: Does this bus go to the airport? B: Yes, but that one leaves first.

A: What time does it arrive?

B: ( 3

a. I'm not sure.

Answers on p. 11

b. Ask the bus driver.

c. It should say on the schedule.

d. It'll arrive in a few minutes.



# **Sugan's Diary**

★Saturday, October 14th (11:05 p.m.)

I got a lot done today! First, I took out my box of Halloween things. I didn't have as many decorations as I thought I had. I had some Halloween-themed **knickknacks**, a small plastic pumpkin, some orange and purple lights, and that was all. So when I finished cleaning, I went shopping for more decorations! At the first place, I got some Halloween garland with cute bats and ghosts on it and a big spider web with a spider in it. At the next place, I found some really cute stuffed toys — a ghost, a cat dressed up as a vampire, and a bear **dressed as** a pumpkin. Then, I went to an **upscale** supermarket and got some fancy Halloween candy and some Halloween cups, plates and napkins. Finally, on the way home, I stopped at the 100-yen shop for some craft supplies. I got construction paper, felt, markers, paint and some other **materials** so I can make more decorations. I'll make them and **put up** all of the decorations tomorrow. After dinner, I started thinking about what to serve at the party. I found some recipes online for **spooky appetizers**. I picked a few easy-looking ones. I need to get the ingredients so I can test the recipes before the party. The party is two weeks from today! I can't wait! I haven't had a party at my house since before the pandemic.

Notes and examples:

knickknack = 小さな装飾品, 小さくて価値のない装飾品

- ① My aunt's house is full of knickknacks.
- ② That store sells cards, gifts and knickknacks. stuffed toy[animal] = ぬいぐるみのおもちゃ
- ① My dog has 2 stuffed toys, a frog and a banana.
- ② This teddy bear is my favorite stuffed animal.

dress (up) as  $A = \sim$ の扮装をする

- We're dressing up as cheerleaders this year.
  A guy dressed as a vampire asked me to dance.
- upscale = 高級な
- ① We went to an upscale mall in Tokyo.
- ② They live in an upscale neighborhood.

fancy = 高級な, 高品質の

- ① Let's go to that fancy French restaurant!
- ② They have really fancy desserts there.

construction paper = 色画用紙

- ① We're out of construction paper.
- ② We made masks out of construction paper.

**materials** = (物を作るための)材料

- ① I bought the materials to make a dog house.
- 2 What materials do we need to make a kite?

**put up** = (壁などに)取り付ける, 飾る

- ① Could you put up the Halloween lights?
- ② They put up their Christmas tree in November.

spooky = 薄気味悪い, ぞっとさせる

- ① I can't go in the basement. It's too spooky.
- ② We need some spooky music for the party! appetizer = 前菜、アペタイザー

① I didn't order an appetizer or dessert.

- ② I'm not too hungry. I'll just have an appetizer.
- ingredients =(料理の)材料
  の This recipe uses only three ingr
- This recipe uses only three ingredients.
- ② I have the ingredients for tacos.

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Go to www.et-people.com to listen to the audio and fill in the blanks with the words you hear.

オーディオを聞いて、空欄の入る語句を記入してください。

The following is an ad for a store.

Are you ready for Halloween? At Discount City, we are! We have everything you need to this the make most Halloween ever\*. And right now you can grab\* the best deals\*! We have Halloween decor\* to transform\* your home. Whether your Halloween style is super (b)\_\_\_\_\_, a little *creepy\**, or really (c)\_\_\_\_\_, you'll find what you need at Discount City! All indoor decor items are 25% off. Still need outdoor decorations? We have a great selection of those, too, but popular items are going fast. All outdoor decorations, including animatronics\* and (d)\_\_\_\_\_ sets, are now 40% off! Need a costume? We've got something for everyone! Halloween costumes for kids start at just (e) ! Adult costumes start at \$19.99. And while you're here, you can get all the party supplies you'll need! Halloweenthemed plates, bowls, cups, napkins and (f) cutlery\* are all 50% off. Hurry! Discount City's thrilling\* deals are only available until October 31st, and everything is disappearing faster than (g) in the night!

- ・the most ~ A ever = 今までで最も~A
- ·grab = つかむ
- ·deal = お買い得品
- ·decor = 装飾
- ·transform = 変える、変換する
- ·creepy = ぞっとさせる
- ·animatronics = アニマトロニクス, ナチュラルな 動きをするロボットの製作技術
- ·cutlery = ナイフやフォークなどの
- ・thrilling = ぞくぞくさせる,わくわくさせる



## What Comes N

Use the expressions below to fill in the blanks. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

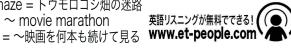
Tomomi (T) is talking to her friend Diana (D).

- T: Have you decided on your Halloween costume?
- D: Yes, I'm (a) a zombie this year, with lots of makeup and fake blood.
- T: That's *gruesome*\*! I'm (b) a cute, not-so-scary black cat.
- D: That's (c) ! It's cute and classic! By the way, Joe's party is on Saturday the 28th. It starts at 9:00. So on Friday —
- T: Wait, it's not on Halloween this year?
- D: No. Halloween (d) Tuesday this year. Anyway, Ken and Alex and I are going to the haunted corn maze\* at London Farm on Friday night!
- T: (e)\_\_\_ ! Oh, the farm has a pumpkin carving contest on Sunday. We can do that, too!
- D: I don't think that's a good idea. There will be so many kids there.
- T: You're right. Oh, I know! We can have a horror movie marathon\* on Sunday!
- D: Good idea! I think it's going to be an awesome Halloween weekend!
- T: Halloween is the best!

Answers on p. 11.

### falls on • going as • count me in leaning towards • so you

- ・gruesome = ぞっとする, 気味が悪い
- · corn maze = トウモロコシ畑の迷路
- · have a  $\sim$  movie marathon





# **Your Turn**

空欄に入る言葉を考えてみましょう。 数字、動詞、熟語などを入れてください。 答は 1 1 ページを参考にしてください。

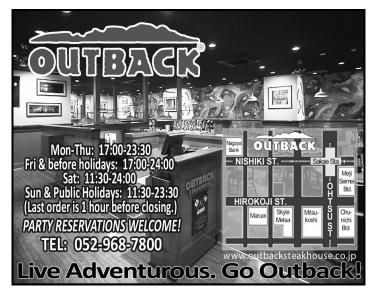
Use your imagination to fill in the blanks in the story below with a number, a verb, a phrase, etc. Sometimes there is more than one right answer. Then compare your answers to Kyoko's on p.11.

On March 15th and 16th, I went to Kinosaki Onsen with my friend Cloé and her mom. It was my first time meeting\* her (a)\_\_\_\_\_. First, we took the shinkansen from Nagoya to Kyoto. At (b) Station, we transferred\* to the JR Line to go to Kinosaki Onsen Station. It took about three and a half hours to get from Nagoya to Kinosaki Onsen. It was a great day for a trip. We got to\* our ryokan, Morizuya, at about 3:00. We (c)\_\_\_\_\_ into kimonos and took a short walk around town. That inn\* had everything for kimonos ready for us. They are very kind to foreign travelers. Before dinner, we took a bath in a big private bath we had reserved, and we enjoyed having the

to ourselves\*. We had a big dinner in our room, and of course, the dinner was great. After we took a bath again and went to bed around 9:00. We on futons. The slept hospitality\* was great and made us feel at (f)\_\_\_\_\_. On the 16th, it was cloudy and rained a little, but it was good (g)\_\_\_\_\_ for a long walk. We went up Mt. Taishi by ropeway\*. From the top of the mountain, we could see the Japan Sea. During this trip, Cloé's mom and I kept each other company\*. We talked a lot and really enjoyed our trip.

- · be one's first time ~ing = ~するのは初めてだ
- ・transfer = 乗り換える
- ·get to A = Aに着く, Aに行く
- ·inn = 旅館
- ・have A to oneself = Aを独占している
- ・hospitality = おもてなし
- $\cdot$  ropeway = ロープウェイ
- ・keep someone company = (寂しがらせないように)人に付き合う, 人の話し相手になる







### HOW MUCH UNDERSTAND!

Read the paragraph and answer the TRUE/FALSE (本当ならT嘘ならF) questions. Answers on p. 11.

We all wear clothes, but few of us think about what effect our clothes have on the environment. Everyone has to wash their clothes, and the effect of washing our clothing is not small. Excessive washing and drying can wear out our garments and have substantial environmental consequences\*. That's because laundering them not only degrades\* the items, making us have to replace them, but if the clothes are synthetic, it also releases microfibers into waterways. contributing to microplastic pollution. By making simple changes to our laundry routines, we can reduce our effect on the environment. First, using certified energyefficient washing machines and dryers can significantly reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and save us money. Second, by washing clothes in cold water and air-drying them, whenever possible, we can extend the life of our clothing. Reducing the frequency laundering and avoiding dry cleaning are also eco-friendly practices. If we all do our part, our clothing will have less of a negative impact on the environment.

- T F 1. The more often our clothes are washed, the faster they wear out.
- T F 2. Clothing made of natural fibers contribute to microplastic pollution.
- T F 3. Dry cleaning garments instead of washing them is not an eco-friendly option.
- ★ consequences = (主に悪い)結果
- ★ degrade A = A[品質・等級など]を悪化させる



### OUT OF ORDER

Can you put Mari's story back in order?

ストーリーを順序通りに 並べることができますか?



Joyce has *high blood pressure\**, so she sees her doctor, Dr. Goodwin, regularly.

\*high blood pressure = 高血圧

"Everyone says I should *get over it\** and that Clooney was just a cat, but I can't just get over it," she told him. "I had him for 18 years! I miss him so much!"

\*get over A = Aから立ち直る

That afternoon, when Joyce got home, she found a kitten hiding under a parked car. She took him home and *named him* Goodwin, *after\** her doctor.

\*name A after B = BにちなんでAに名前をつける

At her last *visit\**, he noticed that Joyce wasn't feeling well. Her blood pressure was up, and her weight had gone up, too.

\*visit (to the doctor's) = 診療所訪問

Dr. Goodwin, who was also a cat lover, knew just what to *prescribe\**. He wrote it down so that Joyce would know he was serious: 1) take your medicine twice a day; 2) exercise 30 minutes a day; 3) get a cat.

\*prescribe = 指示する, 処方する

When he asked what the problem was, she told him that her *beloved\** cat, Clooney, had died about a month earlier.

\*beloved = 大好きな

The correct order is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (Answer on p. 11.)



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# Listening Lab

- Read the questions below. 以下の質問を呼んでください。
- 1. Who is the most powerful god in Voodoo?
- 2. Why do Voodooist connect with family members who have passed away?
- 3. What do people called "rootworkers"
- 4. Which has stricter rules, Haitian **Voodoo or New Orleans Voodoo?**
- 5. Why are people who practice Voodoo and Hoodoo discriminated against\*?

\*discriminate against A = Aに対し差別する

☆ Special thanks to Claire Gorant for this month's LLAB! ☆

- Go to www.et-people.com, listen to the audio, and answer the questions. www.et-people.comでオーディオ を聞いて、以下の質問に答えください。
- Now listen again as you read the transcript at www.et-people.com and check your answers. 次に、読み上げられた英文の内容と 質問の答えをチェックしてください。





### **ANSWERS**

### P2 POP QUIZ

1-out loud 2-let alone 3-There are 4-brush up on 5-barely 6-There is 7-fortune 8-read my mind

### **P2 MATCHING**

1-b 2-d 3-g 4-e 5-h 6-f 7-a 8-c

### P3 1-POINT QUIZ

A-so B-so C-such D-such 1-such 2-so 3-such 4-so 5-such 6-so 7-so 8-so 9-such 10-such 11-so 12-so

### **P4 TWITTER QUIZ**

1-shapewear 2-snob 3-schadenfreude 4-house wine 5-genetic 6-butt

7-play it by ear 8-see what I can do

### **P4 SENTENCE SCRAMBLE**

- 1–Do you want me to wait for you?
- 2–Do you want me to walk you home?
- 3-Do you want me to carry that for you?
- 4–Do you want me to make you something to eat?
- 5–Do you want me to pick you up at the airport?

### **P6 PREPOSITIONS**

a-in b-X c-with d-to e-near f-of g-over

### P6 HOW WOULD YOU RESPOND?

1-a 2-a 3-d

### **P8 LISTEN CAREFULLY**

a-amazing b-cute c-scary d-light e-\$9.99 f-plastic g-ghosts

### P8 WHAT COMES NEXT?

a-going as b-leaning towards c-so you d-falls on e-Count me in

### **P9 YOUR TURN**

a-mom b-Kyoto c-changed d-bath e-dinner f-home g-weather

### P10 HOW MUCH DO YOU UNDERSTAND? 1-T 2-F 3-T

P10 OUT OF ORDER A-D-F-B-E-C

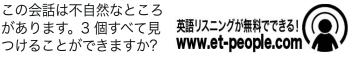
### ENGLISH! That's Not

Mayumi (M) and Kayla (K) are having lunch together at the company cafeteria\*.

- M: I heard you telling Aoi that your mom was in the hospital. How is she?
- K: She's doing OK, thanks. Her doctor said she was lack of *nutrition*\* because she couldn't eat. He persuaded\* her to let him put in a feeding tube\*.
- M: So food goes directly into her stomach?
- K: Yes. She had one before, so she knows how to feed herself through the tube.
- M: That's good.
- K: She had to have a *tracheostomy*\*, too.
- M: Oh, no. Why?
- K: Because her airway is so narrow that she couldn't get enough oxygen.
- M: Your mom is poor! She has been through a lot!
- K: She sure has. But she is getting stronger every day. I think she'll be OK.
- M: I'm so glad to hear that. I hope she gets out of the hospital as soon as.
- K: She's already at home!
- M: That's fantastic!
- ★ cafeteria = (学食, 社員の) セルフサービスの食堂
- ★ nutrition = 栄養
- ★ persuade A to do = Aを説得して~させる
- ★ feeding tube = 栄養チューブ
- ★ tracheostomy = 気管切開(術)

### Read the conversation and find the 3 words or phrases that native speakers don't use.

この会話は不自然なところ があります。3個すべて見 英語リスニングが無料でできる! ((



### Did you find all 3 of the mistakes? Let's check and practice the phrases.

- (1) lack of nutrition → malnourished
- A: What does "malnourished" mean?
  - B: It means "suffering from a lack of nutrition."
- A: Why is that kitten so small?
  - B: It's malnourished. It's mother died, so it had no food for days.
- **②** Your mom is poor. → Your poor mom!
- A: My mom fell and broke a tooth.
  - B: Oh, vour poor mom! I hope she can get it fixed right away.
- ы A: My mom caught covid again.
  - B: Oh, your poor mom! This is the third time, isn't it?
- (3) as soon as  $\rightarrow$  soon
- A: Are you at Dad's yet?
  - B: Not yet. I'll be there soon.
  - A: Call me as soon as you get there.
- ы A: Has Ted left for Paris?
  - B: Not yet. He leaves soon though next week, I think.

