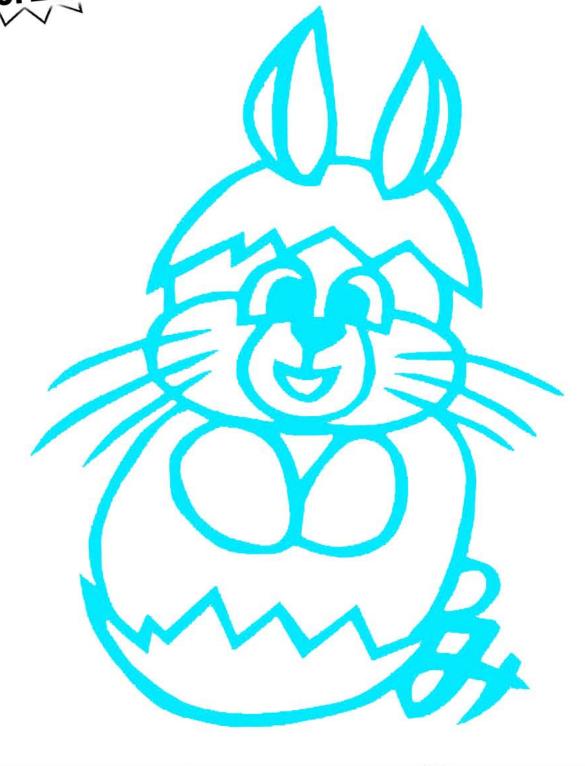


Apr. 2021 GAMES · PUZZLES · QUIZZES · JOKES ...



www.et-people.com

POP GUIZ!

Did you read last month's ETP? Take the quiz! Fill in the blanks with the choices below. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

put on • wear • tired of • mindlessly happen to • been meaning to put it off • recommended

- 1. A: Are you two **related**?
 - B: No. We just () have the same last name.
- 2. A: Hurry up and (your shoes, Billy! The bus is coming!
 - B: I am hurrying, Mom!
- 3. A: I've been **snacking** too much.
 - B: Me, too. I've gained 5 kg! I have to stop eating ().
- 4. A: I'm so () this rain!
 - B: Me, too. And it's **supposed to rain** every day next week, too.
- 5. A: Are you going to the barbecue at Jim's?
 - B: Yes, but I can't decide what I should

 (). It's **supposed to be** partly cloudy that day.
- 6. A: When Greg is moving to London?
 - B: I don't know. I've (call him and ask him.
 - A: I hope we can see him before he leaves.
- 7. A: My tooth still hurts. It's getting worse.
 - B: You really should see a dentist soon.
 - A: I know. I've () too long already.
- 8. A: My back is killing me.
 - B: My chiropractor could fix that. He's great!
 - A: Really? How did you find him?
 - B: A coworker () him. Let me give you his number.

Answers on p. 11

- * be related (to A) = (Aと)親戚である
- * snack = 間食する, おやつを食べる
- * be supposed to ~ = ~ Solvi, ~ jakit
- * see a dentist = 歯医者に診てもらう
- ★ A is killing me = Aが痛くて死にそう
- * chiropractor = カイロプラクター

MATCHING

The examples below contain

make someone + adj.

「人を~の状態にする]

Can you match the parts that go together? 上と下をつないで意味の通る文章を作りましょう。

This popcorn is so salty that it ... [1]=[b]
Riding the merry-go-round ... [2]=[]
I took a sleeping pill, but it ... [3]=[]
I love this song! It always ... [4]=[]
Going on that TV show ... [5]=[]
He asked personal questions that ... [6]=[]
My daughter studied hard and
got good grades. She really ... [7]=[]
Just thinking about having to give
a speech in front of everyone ... [8]=[]

- [a] made me uncomfortable.
- [b] is making me thirsty.
- [c] is what made her famous.
- [d] makes me nervous.
- [e] made the kids **nauseous**.
- [f] didn't make me sleepy at all.
- [g] makes me happy.
- [h] made me **proud**.

Answers on p. 11

- ★ get good grades =良い成績を取る
- ★ uncomfortable = 不愉快
- ★ nauseous = 叶き気がする
- ★ proud = 誇らしい





1-POINT GUIZ

ボックス内の例を見て、ルールを考えて、 クイズを解いて見ましょう。

Using **HAVE BEEN** and **HAVE GONE** can be confusing. Look at the examples below:

- ① Q: Have you ever been overseas?
 - A: Yes. I've been to China and the U.S.
- ② Q: Where's John?
 - A: He has gone home. He left an hour ago.
- ③ Q: Do you want to go camping*?
 - A: Yes! I've never been [gone] camping.
- 4 Q: Where are Tom and Jen?
 - A: They've gone camping. They'll be back on Sunday.
 - * Note: We can use either **been** or **gone** with go + ~ing verbs, like go camping, go fishing, go scuba diving, go skiing, etc.

What's the Rule?

Circle the correct English translation for each sentence. Remember both may be correct!

- ① 彼女 ローマに行ったことがあります.
- A. She has been to Rome. B. She has gone to Rome.
- ② 彼女 ローマに行ってしまって、今ここにはいない。
- A. She has been to Rome. B. She has gone to Rome.
- ③ 彼は2回スキーに行ったことがあります。
- A. He has been skiing twice. в. He has gone skiing twice.
- ④ 彼はスキーに行ってしまって、今ここにはいない。
- A. He has been skiing.
- в. He has gone skiing.

Choose the correct answer in each sentence.

- * * * Sometimes both are correct! * * *
- 1. I've [been gone] hiking only once.
- 2. I've [been gone] to Europe twice but never to Spain.
- 3. The kids have [been gone] swimming in that lake many times.
- 4. I have never [been gone] to Kyoto during cherry blossom season.
- 5. Dad can't drive you to school. He has already [been gone] to work.
- 6. You've never [been gone] surfing, have you? It's harder than it looks!
- 7. Mary has [been gone] home for the day. She'll be back at 9:00 tomorrow.
- 8. Oh, there you are! Where have you **[been gone]?** I was looking for you!
- 9. Mom's not home. She must have **[been gone]** grocery shopping.
- 10. A: Hi, Jill, can I speak to Tony?
 B: He's not here right now. He has [been gone] to see a client.
 Can I take a message?
- go grocery shopping食料品店に行く





www.MA-MAISON.co.jp/shop/BEERBAR





twitter au

Fill in the blanks with the choices below. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

handyman • against my will • cracked me up go potty • has something to do with bone to pick • get a rain check • warts and all

- 1. A: I can't imagine life without a dog.
 - B: I can't imagine it, either. Our dogs love US, (
- 2. A: Where's Tom?
 - B: In the cafeteria, I think. Why?
 -) with him. A: I have a (
- 3. A: I have to (
 - B: I told you to go before we left home.
 - A: I did, Mommy. I have to go again.
- 4. A: That movie was so funny.
 - B: I know. The scene in the restaurant really
- 5. A: Mr. Lee wants to talk to you in his office.
 - B: What about?
 - A: I think it () the project for XYZ Company.
- 6. A: Did you go to church every Sunday when you were a kid?
 - B: Yes, (). My mom made me go with her.
- 7. A: I have to stay home tomorrow.
 - B: Why?
 - A: The () is comina tomorrow to **redo** the bathroom tile.
- 8. A: I'm having some friends over tomorrow night. I'd love it if you came too.
 - B: I'd love to, but I've got other plans. Can

Answers on p. 11

- * **redo A** = Aをやり直す
- ⋆ have someone over = 人に家へ来てもらう



Your turn

空欄に入る言葉を考えてみましょう。 数字、動詞、熟語などを入れてください。 答は11ページを参考にして下さい。

Use your imagination to fill in the blanks in the story below with a number, a verb, a phrase, etc. There isn't just one right answer. Then compare your answers to Yuko's on p.11.

People started getting COVID-19 vaccines in December. At first, only healthcare (a) could get it. When more of the vaccine became available. elderly people were **eligible to** get the shot. One 89-year-old woman, Helen Redman, really wanted to get vaccinated. Getting an appointment wasn't b), though. She had to make an appointment by telephone because she didn't have a (And the number of appointments was limited, so they got booked very (d). When the hospital closest to her announced that they were going to give 2,000 doses of the vaccine to people 75 and), Helen started dialing. She managed to get an appointment for the following Friday, and a neighbor agreed to (Unfortunately, there was a big snowstorm on Thursday night, so it was impossible to get there by car. But Helen wouldn't give up! She bundled up, put on her snowboots, grabbed her hiking) the 5 miles to the hospital. poles, and (q After getting the shot, she told a reporter, "I wasn't going to let a little snow stop me!" · available = 利用可能

- ・eligible to do = ~する資格がある
- · bundle up = 暖かく着込む
- grab A = つかむ、持って行く

www.et-people.com



Put Them in the "Donate" Pile

Tom and Rose, are retired. They live in a big house where they raised their five kids. But now that the kids have grown up and moved out, they don't really need such a big house.

One day Rose said, "I think we should **downsize**."

"Downsize?" Tom said, "Do you mean move?"

"Yes. We don't use half of the rooms," Rose said. "Besides, it's expensive to heat this big house in the winter and cool it in the summer."

"But I love this old house," Tom said.

"Yes, but if we move into a smaller, cheaper house, we'll pay less in **property taxes** and home insurance. Our mortgage will be lower too. In fact, we might not have a mortgage at all," she explained. "And we can use the money we save to travel and visit the kids!"

"I'm sure you're right, dear," Tom said.

Tom said that a lot. Rose was very **sensible**, and she always **did her homework** before making any kind of decision, whether she was deciding what camp to send the kids to or which vacuum cleaner to buy. So when Rose said it was a good idea, Tom knew it probably was a good idea.



Before they could try to sell their house, they had to get it ready. "First, we have to **get rid of** things we don't need anymore," Rose said.

They had **accumulated** a lot of stuff over the years. Mexican

Their youngest son, Luke, came over to help them get rid of things they didn't need. When they were cleaning out the basement, Luke found his dad's collection of **encyclopedias**. He had several sets. He said, "Dad, do you remember helping me do my school reports?"

"I sure do, son," Tom said, "You kids all used them. Looks like they're still in really good condition. Maybe the library would like them.

"Are you sure you want to get rid of them? You used to love looking things up in them," Luke asked.

"I did. But we won't have room for them in the new house," Tom said. "Put them in the 'donate' pile."

"OK. If you're sure you won't need them," Luke said.

"Don't worry, son. If I need to know anything, I can just ask your mother. She knows everything!"

downsize = 削減する property taxes = 行程資産税 mortgage = 住宅ローン sensible = 分別のある do one's homework[research] = 下調べをする **get A ready** = Aを準備する, Aを整える **get rid of A** = Aを取り除く **accumulate A** = Aを 山積される clean out A = 一度きれいにする encyclopedia = 百科事典 in good condition = 良い状態で pile = Ш 英語リスニングが無料でできる!





www.et-people.com

Put the prepositions in the blanks to finish Tosi's story. Use each ONLY ONCE and write X if none is needed.

空欄に前置詞を入れましょう。それぞれ一度しか使うことはできません。 前置詞の必要ない場所にはXを入れて下さい。(Answers on p.11)

for with for about X to on

I went to Seto (a) my daughter, my son-in-law, and my grandkids, Haru and Tsumugi. We went (b) a **pottery** class. It was my granddaughter's first birthday. We c) there to make her handprint and to make rice bowls (d) everyone in their family. They used a pottery wheel. Using a pottery wheel is difficult. You have to be very gentle, or the bowl will be ruined and you have to **start over**. My son-in-law had to start over twice, but he made a good) the third try. My daughter bowl (had to start over only once when making her own bowl, but she didn't have to start over when making Tsumugi's bowl. Haru, is only three, so he isn't very strong, so his bowl was perfect the first time. The good thing) making your own bowl is that the bowl just fits your hands and is easy to use. So Haru's bowl is perfect (g) him.

- son-in-law = 娘の夫. 娘むこ
- pottery = 陶器
- be ruined = 駄目になる
- start over = 初めからやり直す

英語リスニングが無料でできる!



Sentence Scramb

Can you unscramble E-class's sentences? 単語を並べ替えて文章を作りましょう。 Use **the** ~ **(that) SV** in each sentence. 「関係代名詞のthat]

The has go EX: rose park garden always

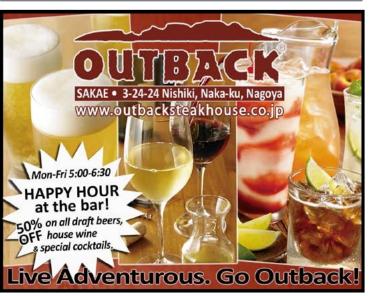
The park I always go to has a rose garden.

- The 11:45 l'm at bus 1. leaves taking Nagoya
- her The is to guy 2. she's dance talking teacher
- at an we The had 3. indoor stayed pool hotel
- ľm the book 4. highly reading recommend
- to the shirt have 5. yesterday bought return

Answers on p.11







Sugan's Diary

Saturday, March 27th (10:05 p.m.)

I went for a walk to see some cherry blossoms tonight. I have time to go tomorrow afternoon, but my weather app says it's supposed to rain all day tomorrow, so I decided to go tonight. The park I usually go to isn't very well lit, so I usually don't go there after dark. I wasn't planning to go into the park this time, either. I was planning to just walk around the perimeter. I thought that would be good enough because there are lots of cherry trees all around the big pond on the eastern edge of the park. But when I got there, I saw that there were lots of people there! It wasn't as crowded as it usually is during cherry blossom season, but there were more people than last year. Most people were in very small groups, but I saw some larger groups of people sitting on picnic sheets in the grassy area. Anyway, I'm glad I went tonight! I walked all through the park, and most of the trees are in full bloom now, but the petals are already falling from some of the trees. I think tonight was the perfect time to go!

Notes and examples:

A says (that) SV = ~と書いてある, Aによると~, ~を示す

- ① My diet app says I've eaten too many calories today.
- ② A: The next bus comes at 1:22. B: My watch says it's 1:18. It'll be here soon.

be supposed to do = ~ takt, ~ table

- 1 It's supposed to be sunny tomorrow.
- ② A: Do you think I'll need a jacket?
 B: Yes. It's supposed to get cold tonight.

well lit = 十分に明るい, 明かりの多い

- ① The mall parking lot is well lit.
- ② A: You shouldn't walk late at night. B: Don't worry. I only walk in well-lit areas.

after dark = 日没後,日が暮れてから

- ① He's not allowed to play outside after dark.
- ② A: Do you ride your bike after dark?
 B: Yes. I have a bright light on my bike, and I'm extra careful.

the perimeter (of A) = Aの周囲, Aの境界

- ① There's a fence around the perimeter of the school grounds.
- ② A: I ran around the perimeter of the park. B: That's a big park! You must have run about 8 km!

the edge (of A) = (AO) 端

- ① We planted flowers along the edge of our driveway.
- ② A: That quilt is beautiful!
 B: I'm not done with it yet. I still have to finish the edges.

*parking lot = 駐車場 (複数の車を駐車できる 屋外エリア)







Respond?

可能な返事が3つあります。 当てはまらないものに X をつけましょう。 There are 3 correct responses and 1 that doesn't fit. Find the ONE answer that DOES NOT make sense.

Answers

A: Where's Debbie?

B: Didn't she text you?

A: No, I don't think so ...

B: (

1)

a. She's running late.

b. She's stuck in traffic.

c. She can't make it today.

d. She'll be late for 15 minutes.

A: I'll drive the kids to soccer tomorrow.

B: Thanks. That'll be a big help.

A: What time do they have to be there?

B: (2

a. Practice starts at 3:30.

b. They have to be there until 3:00.

c. They have to be there by 9:50 a.m.

d. By 11:00. Make sure they're not late!

.

A: Hi, Mike! You look great!

B: Thanks. I started going to Jim's Gym.

A: How often do you work out there?

B: (3)

a. Every other day.

b. As many as I can.

c. Once or twice a week.

d. Two or three times a week.

What Comes Next?

Use the expressions below to fill in the blanks. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

Jack (J) sees Ben (B), his next-door neighbor, out working in his yard and goes over to talk to him.

J: Hey, Ben. Your yard looks great.

B: Thanks. Did you come over to give me a hand?

J: Ha ha. No. Actually, I was wondering if you could (a).

B: (b

). What is it?

J: I'm going away for a few days, and I need someone to feed my cat while I'm gone.

B: Oh, sure. When are you leaving?

J: Saturday morning. I'm just going to Utah to see (c). I'll be back on Monday night around 9:00.

B: Oh, that's no problem. But I should probably (d) so I don't forget.

J: Don't bother. I'll text you a reminder.

B: Great. And *remind me* how much and when to feed Reggie. (e).

J: It sure has. I haven't left town since the beginning of the pandemic.

B: Well, I hope you have a nice trip.

J: Thanks. I'll let you get back to work!

my folks • it's been a while • it depends do me a favor • write that down

• Don't bother. = どうぞお構いなく

• remind me = もう一度教えて







OUT OF ORDER

Can you put the story back in order?

ストーリーを順序通りに 並べることができますか?



The foxes will come near you, and you can feed them and take pictures of them, but they aren't domesticated, so you shouldn't feed them by hand or try to touch them.

domesticated = 家畜化された

In Japan there's a place for rabbit lovers nicknamed Rabbit Island (Okunoshima). And for cat lovers, there's Cat Island (Tashirojima).

It's not a real village; it's an animal sanctuary where over a hundred foxes roam freely on the grounds.

sanctuary = 保護区域 · roam = 歩き回る

Among them you'll find the silver fox, the platinum fox and the Japanese red fox, along with three other species.

But where do you go if you really love foxes? To Zao Fox Village, of course.

If you have the chance to go to Zao Fox Village, you won't regret it. It's a beautiful place and the foxes make it a magical experience.

rrect order is	(Answer on n 11)
orrect order is	(Answer on n

The correct order is (Answ

LISTEN CAREFULLY

Go to www.et-people.com to listen to the audio and fill in the blanks with the words you hear. オーディオを聞いて、空欄に入る語句を記入して下さい。

[The following is from a news report.] On April 7, Virginia joined nearly () other states when its lawmakers voted to legalize recreational marijuana, making it the first Southern state to do so. The law states that, starting July 1, adults will be allowed to possess and (small amounts of the drug. They will be allowed to possess up to 1 ounce, which is about 28 grams. Selling marijuana, however, will continue to be). Using marijuana illegal until (in public and driving under the influence of marijuana will continue to be against the law. Anyone found to be in possession of more than an ounce but less than a pound (454 g) will be). Possession of more fined \$(than a pound will be considered a felony. Adults will be allowed to share up to an (of marijuana with other people as long as there's no exchange of () or goods. Anyone under the age of 21 who is caught in possession of even small amounts of marijuana will face a fine of \$25 and will be required to go to a treatment and () program.

- possess A = Aを所持する = be in possession of A
- under the influence of A = Aの影響下で
- be fined ~ = ~の 罰金を科せられる
- felony = 重罪

Answers on p.11







Listening Lab

- Read the questions below.以下の質問を読んでください。
 - 1. Does the Seattle Barkery truck serve treats to dogs or cats?
- 2. Why is the Seattle Barkery truck easy to spot?
- 3. Is the Ice-cream Sundae the second or third most popular menu item?
- 4. Does the truck sell anything that humans might order?
- 5. Who do the owners donate the tips to?

☆ Originally published in the Jun. 2016 issue of ET PEOPLE!

- ② Go to www.et-people.com, listen to the audio, and answer the questions. www.et-people.comでオーディオを聞いて、以下の質問に答えて下さい。
- Now listen again while you read the transcript at www.et-people.com and check your answers. 次に、読み上げられた英文の内容と質問の答えをチェックしてください。



英語リスニングが無料でできる! ((www.et-people.com



HOW MUCH UNDERSTANDS

Read the paragraph and answer the TRUE/FALSE (本当ならT嘘ならF) questions. Answers on p.11.

The U.S. has a serious alcohol abuse problem. According to the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, binge drinking (which is four or more drinks per day for a woman or five for a man), heavy drinking (which is eight or more drinks per week for a woman or 15 or more drinks per week for a man), and underage drinking cost the country about \$249 billion per year. estimate is based on information from a variety of studies, which took into account the amount of money lost or spent due to lower productivity, an increased need for health care, an increase in crime, car crashes and other factors related to alcohol use.

- T F 1. If a man drinks four beers in one afternoon, that is considered binge drinking.
- T F 2. A woman who drinks two glasses of wine every day is considered a heavy drinker.
- T F 3. Alcohol abuse costs the U.S. money because it makes workers less productive
- ~ abuse = ~の乱用
- binge ~ = ~しまくること
- underage ~= 未成年者の







MPLIFY IT!

This story is easy to understand if you replace the words in bold with the words/phrases below.

ボールド体の難しい単語や熟語を下の簡単な 単語に置き換えてみましょう。

Do you know any couples who are in LAT relationships? "LAT" stands for "living apart together," and LAT is the term sociologists use to describe happily coupled people who live in separate houses. This includes couples who would like to live together but aren't able to as well as people who **opt** to live separately. Those who choose LAT relationships argue that having separate 2 residences gives them privacy and 3 independence. It also cuts down on arguing and annoyances. One **proponent** of LAT said, "It's the best of both worlds: you get all the benefits of a relationship without the **hassles** that come with sharing a living space."

choose • freedom • homes headaches • supporters

Answers on p. 11

英語リスニングが無料でできる! 【(www.et-people.com



ANSWERS

P2 POP QUIZ

1-happen to 2-put on 3-mindlessly 4-tired of 5-wear 6-been meaning to 7-put it off 8-recommended

P2 MATCHING

1-b 2-e 3-f 4-g 5-c 6-a 7-h 8-d

P3 1-POINT QUIZ

①-A ②-B ③-A or B ④-B 1-been or gone 2-been 3-been or gone 4-been 5-gone 6-been or gone 7-gone 8-been 9-gone 10-gone

P4 TWITTER QUIZ

1-warts and all 2-bone to pick 3-go potty 4-cracked me up 5-has something to do with 6-against my will 7-handyman 8-get a rain check

P4 YOUR TURN

a-workers b-easy c-a computer d-quickly e-over f-drive g-walked

P6 PREPOSITIONS

a-with b-to c-X d-for e-on f-about g-for

P6 SENTENCE SCRAMBLE

1–The bus I'm taking leaves Nagoya at 11:45. 2-The guy she's talking to is her dance teacher. 3–The hotel we stayed at had an indoor pool. 4-I highly recommend the book I'm reading.

5-I have to return the shirt I bought yesterday.

P8 HOW WOULD YOU RESPOND?

1-d 2-b 3-b

P8 WHAT COMES NEXT?

a-do me a favor b-lt depends c-my folks d-write that down e-It's been a while

P9 OUT OF ORDER: B-E-C-D-A-F

P9 LISTEN CAREFULLY

a-20 b-grow c-2024 d-25 e-ounce f-money g-education

P10 HOW MUCH DO YOU UNDERSTAND?

1-F 2-T 3-T

P11 SIMPLIFY IT!

1-choose 2-homes 3-freedom 4-supporter 5-headaches

That's ENGLISH!

Robert (R) comes back from walking the dog and sees wife, Lisa (L), sitting on the couch looking at her iPad.

- R: Whatcha reading?
- L: An article about sleep. It says most people in America are lack of sleep these days.
- R: Well, that's not news. Any parent or college student knows that!
- L: This article is written that our devices are making the problem worse. It says we need to turn off all electronic devices and do something relaxing before bedtime.
- R: We do that. We always watch TV before we go to bed.
- L: It says we really should *avoid* all screens, even the TV, for at least 30 minutes before bedtime. I think we should try it.
- R: I think we get enough sleep. We always sleep at 11:00.
- L: Yes, but we both have trouble falling asleep. You *toss and turn* for about 30 minutes. It takes me even longer to fall asleep.
- R: That's true, but I don't think I can give up watching the news before bed.

★ whatcha = what are you ★ avoid A = Aを避ける

★ toss and turn = ゴロゴロと寝返りを打つ

Read the conversation and find the 3 words or phrases that native English speakers don't use.

この会話は不自然なところがあります。3 個すべて見つけることができますか?



Did you find all 3 of the mistakes? Let's check and practice the phrases:

- ① are lack of sleep
 - → don't get enough sleep.
- I'm always tired. I don't get enough sleep.
- <u>▶</u> A: You don't look so good.
 - B: I'm OK, just tired. My son cried all night, so I **didn't get enough sleep** last night.
- ② is written → says
- ☐ The article **says** Stevie Wonder made his first recording when he was 11 years old.
- ы A: Are you sure it's OK to park here?
 - B: Yes. I've parked here before.
 - A: The sign says "30-minute parking only."
- 3 sleep \rightarrow go to bed
- I have to get up early tomorrow, so I think I'll **go to bed** early tonight.
- - B: Around 11:00. And I slept till noon.
 - A: Wow! You slept over 12 hours!

