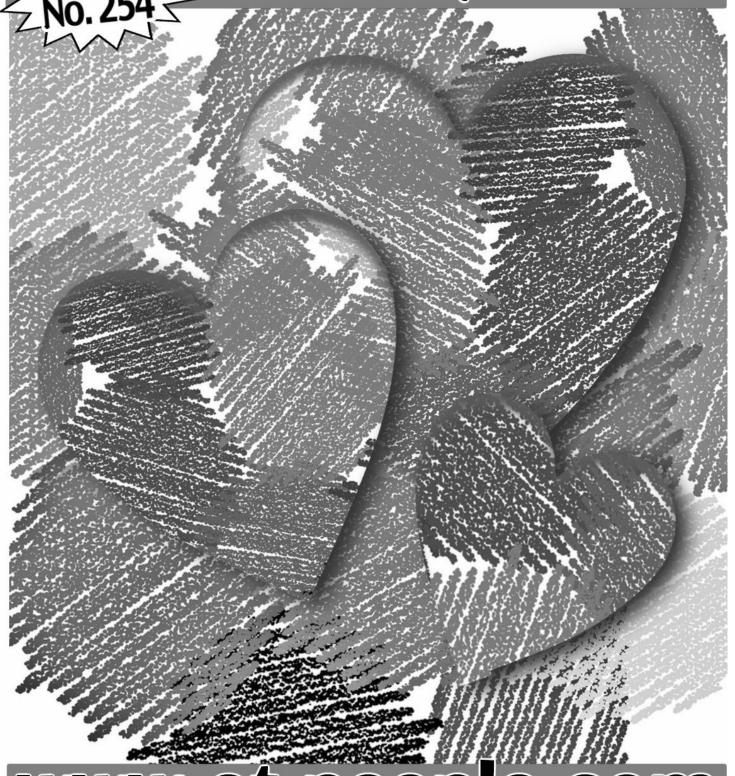


Feb. 2023 GAMES · PUZZLES · QUIZZES · JOKES...



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Did you read last month's ETP? Take the quiz! Fill in the blanks with the choices below.

下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

must be • must have been • how come In a bad mood • couldn't help myself R.I.P. • on hand • fortune

- 1. A: Why is Bill (
 - B: He got a speeding ticket* on his way here.
- 2. A: You ate all of the cookies?
 - B: Sorry. I (really hungry and they were really good!
- 3. A: I can't go out with you guys tonight.
 - B: (
 - A: I have to work on my science project.
- 4. A: My cat got out* and didn't come back for a whole week.
 - B: You () worried!
 - A: I was. I thought she had been hit by a car.
- 5. A: Did you hear? Hitomi died.
 - B: The camel at the zoo?
 - A: Yes. She died yesterday.
 -) Hitomi. B: Aw. (You will be missed.
- 6. A: I'm going to buy an *omikuji*. Want one?
 - A: What is it?
 - B: It's a piece of paper that has your) written on it.
 - A: Sure! How much are they?
- 7. A: You have a lot of *ones** in your wallet.
 - B: I like to have cash (when I travel in case I need to tip* the porter or someone.
 - B: That's a good idea.
- 8. A: My son applied to go on a high school exchange program, and he just found out that he was chosen to go to Australia!
 - B: That's great! He (so excited!
 - A: He is! He can't wait to go.
 - ・speeding ticket = スピード違反切符
 - ·got out = 逃げ出す
 - ・one(s) = 1 ドル札
 - ・tip someone = 人にチップをやる

The examples below contain find out about $\sim \cdot$ find out that SV find out 疑問詞+SV

~を調べだす、~を探り出す、~を知る、~が分かる Can you match the parts that go together? 上と下をつないで意味の通る文章を作りましょう。

I didn't find out about the fire ... |1| = |b|I won't find out if I passed* \dots [2]=[] I'll call the store and find out ...[3]=[The police are trying to find out ...[4]=[I want to watch the final episode ...[5]=[He left his phone at her house, ...[6]=[I turned on the Weather Channel ... | 7 | = | On business trips, I use this app ...[8]=[

- [a] ... who has been stealing bicycles.
- [b] ... until I saw it on the nightly news.
- ... the *entrance exam** until next month.
- ... what time they close tonight. [d]
- ... to find out if it was going to rain.
- ... to find out how the story ends.
- ... to find out if there are any sights to see or good restaurants near my hotel.
- [h] ... and another woman kept calling him. That's how she found out that he was *cheating on** her! Answers on p. 11.
- pass (a test) = (テストに)合格する
- ・entrance exam =入学試験
- cheat on someone

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1-POINT GUIZ

ボックス内の例を見て、ルールを考えて、 クイズを解いて見ましょう。

Using **APPOINTMENT** and **RESERVATION** can be confusing. Look at the examples below:

- I have a hair appointment.
- = I have an appointment with the hairdresser.
- = I have an appointment to have my hair cut.
- ② I'll make a dental appointment.
 - = I'll make an appointment with the dentist.
 - = I'll make an appointment to see the dentist.
- ③ I have a hotel reservation.
 - = I've reserved a hotel room.
- 4 I'll make a reservation at Cafe du Monde.
- = I'll reserve a table at Cafe du Monde.

What's the Rule?

Circle the correct answer.

- 1 We use [APPOINTMENT RESERVATION] when we talk about arranging to meet someone (usually a professional) at a specific time and place. Think of is as a hold on that person's time.
- 2 We use [APPOINTMENT RESERVATION] when we talk about arranging to use a place or a thing at a specific time. Think of is as a hold on that thing or place that you want to use later.

Note: "Reserve" is a verb [動詞] that takes an object [目的] and means ~を予約する. Example: I reserved a single room. "Appoint" is also a verb[動詞] and also takes an object, but it doesn't mean ~を予約する. It means ~を任命する, ~を指定する. Example: The owner appointed him to the position.

Fill in each blank with either or AN APPOINTMENT or A RESERVATION

- 1. Jane can't go to lunch with us today. She has] with her therapist.
- 2. The train will be packed this weekend, so I suggest making [
- 3. You don't need [1. That hair salon takes walk-ins*.
- 4. I had [], but my room wasn't ready when I got to the hotel.
- 5. The shuttle leaves every hour on the hour, and you don't need [
- 6. That professor is always busy. You'll have to 1 if you want to make [talk to him about your project.
- 7. A: Good morning. I'm here to see Mr. Noda. B: Do you have [
- 8. A: Grand Hotel. How may I help you? B: Hi. I'd like to make [
- 9. A: Good evening. Rocky's Bar and Grill.
 - B: Hi. I'd like to make [for six for tonight at 7:00.
- 10. A: Mom, my tooth really hurts.
 - B: OK. I'll call the dentist first thing* in the morning and make [
- ・walk-in = 予約なしの客
- ・first thing = 真っ先に

Answers on p. 11.







Fill in the blanks with the choices below. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

save face • same to you • whiteout beats me • guru • geared toward no joke • resolutions

- 1. A: Why didn't Jim come today?
 - B: ()!
- 2. A: Have a good weekend!
 - 3: (
 - A: Thanks.
- 3. A: Why was your flight canceled?
 - B: All flights were canceled because of () conditions.
- 4. A: Chuck took the blame*?
 - B: Yes. It wasn't his fault*, though. He did it so his boss could (
 - A: Oh. That makes sense.
- 5. A: How was the workshop?
 - B: It was much easier than I was expecting. It was () a young audience, so I was a bit bored.
- 6. A: Is that a picture of your sister?
 - B: No. It's a fitness (that I follow on Instagram.
 - A: Well, she looks like your sister!
 - B: I'll tell my sister you said that!
- 7. A: You had COVID?
 - B: Yeah. It was bad. It took me a month to completely recover from* it.
 - A: A whole month?
 - B: Yeah, COVID is ()!
- 8. A: Are you eating pizza? I thought you were on a new diet?
 - B: Oh, I gave up on* that. I gave up on all of my New Year's (
 - A: I knew you would.

Answers on p. 11

- take the blame (for A) = Aの責任を取る
- someone's fault = 人のせい
- completely recover from A = Aから完全に回復する
- give up on A = Aを見切りをつける, Aを諦める

Sentence Scramble

Can you unscramble E-class's sentences? 単語を並べ替えて文章を作りましょう。

Let's practice using **RECOGNIZE** *A* [(覚えのある)**Aがわかる**, **Aを認識する**, **Aを識別する**]

例: I his beard Santa wouldn't without recognize

I wouldn't recognize Santa without his beard.

- 1. I He my when voice called recognized
- 2. I my of the old name classmate recognized
- 3. her she when wasn't No one makeup wearing recognized
- 4. I DJ of any the the songs didn't played recognize
- 5. I he so had him aged much didn't because recognize

Answers on p. 11.



Robert's Big Break

Robert was a **struggling actor**. He often went to parties and **exclusive** restaurants where famous directors and producers went. He hoped he would meet someone and finally **get his big break**.

One night, Robert went to the Diamond Club in Los Angeles. It's so exclusive that you need to be on the guest list to get in. Robert was able to get in that night because his younger brother, Tommy, had recently started working there as a waiter. Not wanting to pay hundreds of dollars for dinner, Robert sat at the bar nursing a drink and people-watching.

After a while, Robert saw a large **party** of very well-dressed people being seated at a nearby table. He **recognized** several famous actors. Then, after they had all been seated, a tall, important-looking man in a dark-gray suit came in and sat with them.

Robert said to the bartender, "Do you know who that man is?"

The bartender said, "The gentleman that just sat down? He looks familiar, but I don't know who he is. Is he a friend of yours?"

"That's Charles Alan Redwater," Robert said

excitedly, "the famous director! I've got to meet him. What can I do to get his attention?"

"You could just go over there and introduce yourself," the bartender said.

Robert looked shocked, "I can't do that! He'd think I was a stalker or something!"

"Then **why don't you** send over a drink?" he suggested.

"That might work. I'll **find out** what he's drinking and send him another," Robert said. Then he looked around for his brother.

"Psst! Tommy, come here!" he said.

"What do you want?" Tommy asked.

Robert said, "See that man in the dark-gray suit sitting at the end of the table? I'd like to buy him another glass of whatever he's having. That's Redwater!"

Tommy said, "I don't think so. I **memorized** the menu, and we don't sell Redwater here. I think it might be Evian."

struggling actor = 売れない俳優

exclusive = 排他的な, 高級な

get one's big break = ビッグチャンスをつかむ

be able to $do = \sim$ することができる, \sim が可能である

nurse a drink = 味わいながらゆっくり一杯を飲む, 1 杯だけ注文して長時間粘る

people-watch = 人間観察をする = watch people

party = 一団, 団体 = group

recognize A= (覚えのある) Aがわかる, Aを認識する,

Aを識別する

have got to do = ~しなければならない = have to do find out A = Aを調べだす, Aを探り出す

Psst! = おい! / ちょっと!

[人の注意を引くときのひそかな発声]

memorize *A* = Aを覚える、Aを暗記する





Put the prepositions in the blanks to finish Karen's story. Use each ONLY ONCE and write X if none is needed.

空欄の前置詞を入れましょう。それぞれ一度しか使うことはできません。 前置詞が必要ない場所には X を入れてください。 Answers on p. 11.

for from from than

My family has eaten miso soup every morning since I was a child. The only day we don't eat miso soup is New Year's Day. In Japan, there are many kinds of miso. This area is known (a) hacchomiso. It's made from soy beans and salt, and it is different (b) other kinds of miso in that it takes longer than other kinds of miso—it *matures** in 3 years. In addition, because it's hard to make, there are few companies that make it, so it is more expensive (c) other kinds of miso. When I was young, we used to buy traditional miso (d) a miso maker. But that maker closed because there was no one to take over the business*. After that, my mom and I looked for good miso, but it was very hard to find. (e) the end, I started buying haccho-miso for commercial use* online. (However, the retail price* is higher than the wholesale price* for restaurants.) For a while, I was buying 2 kilograms of it every few months, but then that store closed! I looked for miso again and found some, but this time it was 10-kilogram bags! I thought that was a lot of miso, but maybe we would eat it in a year. And I worried about how to store* it. But we need (g) hacchomiso! So ended up buying it.

- mature = 熟成する
- take over a business = 事業を継ぐ
- for commercial use = 商業用
- retail price = 小売価格
- wholesale price = 卸值
- store *A* = *A*を保管する

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How would you

可能な返事が3つあります。 当てはまらないものにXをつけましょう。

There are 3 correct answers and 1 that doesn't fit. Find the ONE answer that DOES NOT make sense.

- A: That movie you want to see is showing.
- B: Tonight? What time?
- A: At 7:00 and 9:30. How late can you stay out?
- a. I can stay out till midnight.
- b. I have to be home by 10:00.
- c. He told me to stay out of his room all day.
- d. My parents said I can't stay out past 11:00.

A: I haven't seen you on the train lately.

- B: Didn't I tell you? I got transferred downtown.
- A: Oh, that's great! How do you like it?
- B: (
- a. So far I like it well.
- b. I love it. My new coworkers are great.
- c. My work is the same, but the office is nicer.
- d. The commute is longer, but I like being downtown.

A: Oh, you got your car back!

- B: Yeah. It was in the shop for a over a week.
- A: How much did it cost to have it fixed?
- B: (
- a. It cost me \$1,800.

Answers on p. 11

b. It cost an arm and a leg!

c. It cost very expensive, over \$2,000.

d. I don't know. The other guy's insurance is going to pay for it.



Sugan's Diary

★Sunday, January 22nd (10:05 p.m.)

I just got back from a meeting. At the end of the meeting, I asked if anyone had tried Chat GPT, but none of the other teachers had heard of it. It's a new type of software that has Al technology built in, and it can be used to do lots of natural language processing (NLP) tasks. I first read about Chat GPT in the New York Times. **According to** the article, university professors in the US are worried that students will **rely too much on** this software and won't think for themselves. I was curious, so I went to the website to test it, but user **demand** was so high at that time that I couldn't sign up for an account. I tried again another day, but to make an account, I had to give my phone number, and I didn't want to do that. I forgot about it until Akiko sent me a link to a video on the YouTube channel Eigophile showing what Chat GPT can do. After I watched it, I made an account right away. It's pretty amazing! It can answer questions, complete sentences, fill in blanks, write essays and give lists of pros and cons. It's not perfect, of course, but I think it will be useful!

Notes and examples:

built in = 内蔵された, 組み込まれた, 作り付けられた

- ① This software has several dictionaries built in.
- ② A: Don't I need a camera for video calls?
 - B: It has a built-in camera. The microphone is built in, too. See? Right here.

according to A = A によると

- ① According to this app, the restaurant should be right on that corner.
- ② A: I love that shop! Why is it closing?B: According to the paper, the owner's retiring.

rely on A = Aに頼る

- ① I think people rely on their phones too much.
- ② A: Why don't you use the map on your phone?
 - B: I can't rely on that. It has sent me far out of my way many times.

demand = 需要

- ① Prices are high when demand is high.
- ② A: I can't log in for some reason.
 - B: That happens sometimes when user demand is really high.

pretty _____ = 結構, まあまあ, そこそこ, かなり

- ① You made this cake? It's pretty good!
- ② A: How've you been?
 - B: Pretty good. How about yourself?

pros and cons = 良い点と悪い点

- ① You should make a list of the pros and cons before you decide what you're going to do.
- ② A: I can't decide if I should take the job.
 - B: You have to weigh the pros and cons.







LISTEN CAREFULLY

Go to www.et-people.com to listen to the audio and fill in the blanks with the words you hear.

オーディオを聞いて、空欄の入る語句を記入してください。

The following is a public service announcement (PSA).

Littering* is not just bad manners, it
causes (a) problems. It
affects* the environment as well as the
health and well-being of people and
(b) If we litter, we may think
our actions don't matter, but the trash we
carelessly toss* on the (c)
makes our neighborhoods unattractive.
What's worse, it <i>harms*</i> wildlife and ends
up in our waterways, polluting our
(d) supply. That's why every
one of us must always dispose of* our
trash properly, and we must teach our
(e) to do the same. By being
mindful of* our actions, we can keep our
neighborhoods and cities clean and
healthy for everyone to (f)
And we can do even more by picking up
litter whenever we see it. Every piece of
litter you pick up is one less piece of
(g) in our environment. Let's
all work together to keep our
communities litter-free.

- ・litter = ごみを散らかす, ポイ捨てする
- \cdot affect A = Aに影響する
- \cdot toss A = Aを投げる
- ・harm A = Aを損なう、Aにダメージを与える
- ·dispose of A = Aを捨てる, Aを処分する
- •be mindful of A = Aを心に留める、Aに気を配る

Answers on p. 11.

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What Comes Next?

Use the expressions below to fill in the blanks. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

Erika (E) is talking to her roommate, Lisa (L), who has just come home.

E: You're back. Wow. You look exhausted*.

L: I am. The store was (a) especially the Valentine's chocolate section!

E: I (b) _____ it would be. That's why I decided not to go with you.

L: I should have (c) than to go chocolate shopping on a Sunday!

E: Not just (d) _____, the Sunday Before Valentine's Day. That's the worst time to buy Valentine's candy.

L: Yeah. I'll remember that next year.

E: Will you?

L: Ha ha. Yes. I'll (e) _____ to remind myself. The lines were so long that it took over two hours to get what I wanted and pay!

E: I bet. So, did you get me any chocolate?

L: Nope. But I got myself some!

E: You're not going to share?

L: If you want chocolate, you'll have to go and get some yourself.

E: You're so mean*!

L: I'm just kidding. Here.

E: Aw! Thanks!

Answers on p. 11.

figured • packed • any Sunday known better • make a note of it

・exhausted = 疲れ切った

・mean = 意地悪



Your Turn

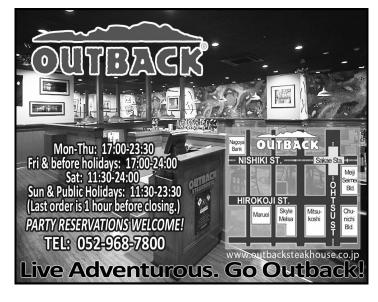
空欄に入る言葉を考えてみましょう。 数字、動詞、熟語などを入れてください。 答は11ページを参考にしてください。

Use your imagination to fill in the blanks in the story below with a number, a verb, a phrase, etc. Sometimes there is more than one right answer. Then compare your answers to Mie's on p.11.

Today I'm excited because I'm going to pick out* my new car! The (a)_____ I drive now is 15 years old. If I keep it, I have to take inspection* it for its car because the (b) inspection certificate expires* this month. But I don't want to take it in for (c)_____, because I think it will be expensive this time. It's a Mitsubishi van*. This time I think I'm going to buy an SUV*, but I want to test-drive* it first. I'm going to buy another (d)___ because my in-laws* all work for Mitsubishi. I haven't decided if I'll one from

factory or buy one off the lot*. If I order a customized* car, I'll have to wait for about six months for it to be delivered. I don't really want to (f)______, and I'm not very picky about* special features*. I'd like a 360-degree (g)____ and a good infotainment system*. I hope I find one I like today so I can buy one off the lot.

- ・pick out A = Aを選ぶ
- · car inspection = 車検
- ・certificate expires = 証明書の有効期間が満了する
- ·van = ワンボックスカー
- ・SUV = スポーツ用多目的車 = sport utility vehicle
- ・test-drive *A* = *A*に試乗する
- ・buy off the lot = ディーラーの在庫の中から買う
- customized A = 注文通りに作られたA
- ・picky about *A = A*の好みがうるさい
- · special feature = 特殊機能
- infotainment system = インフォテイメントシステム
 車両内の統合型エンターテイメントおよび情報システムを指します。オーディオ、ナビゲーション、気候制御、接続オプションなどの機能を提供します。[語源: information + entertainment]





HOW MUCH UNDERSTANDS

Read the paragraph and answer the TRUE/FALSE (本当ならT嘘ならF) questions. Answers on p. 11.

When you were a kid, did you dream about being served your meals by a robot someday in the future? Well, I'm here to tell you that the future is now! A university in Ohio began using a *fleet** of robots to deliver on-campus dining options for students and faculty. The cooler-sized robots made their debut just before the COVID-19 pandemic hit. After that, there was a sudden demand for contactless* home delivery services. At first, there were only 30 robots and they delivered only on campus grounds, but after two months, their reach was expanded to a 4-mile radius* around campus, which allowed the general community* to take advantage of their convenience. The fleet has since grown to 65 robots, and they make over 1,000 deliveries per day. How expensive is it for the university to offer this delivery option? Since everyone who places an order is charged a convenience fee and a delivery fee, there is no cost whatsoever to the university.

- T F 1. The university decided to use delivery robots because of the pandemic.
- T F 2. There are now more than twice as many robots as there were when the robots debuted.
- T F 3. People who use the robots pay in cash upon delivery.
- fleet = 部隊
- contactless = 非接触の
- radius = 半径
- general community大学と関係ない人

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OUT OF ORDER

Can you put Takao's story back in order?

ストーリーを順序通りに 並べることができますか?



The person on the other end of the line* told me it should be 30,000 yen.

* the person on the other end of the line = 電話に出た人

January 2023 was the 13th anniversary of my father's death*.

* the __ th anniversary of someone's death = 人の没後__周年

I looked up on Google how much the offering* to the monk* should be, and I found that it ranged from 10,000 yen to 50,000 yen.

* offering = 献金・* monk = 坊さん

Immediately, I regretted asking* because I'd planned to make an offering of only ¥10,000.

* regret ~ing = ~したことを後悔する

So I had a Buddhist monk come to my house to perform the memorial service.

* memorial service = 忌供養

Later, when I called to make an appointment with the monk, I asked how much my offering was supposed to be*.

The correct order is ______. (Answer on p. 11.)



Listening Lab

- Read the questions below. 以下の質問を呼んでください。
- 1. How long has the heart been associated with love?
- 2. What was the earliest physical heart symbol found on?
- 3. Where was the first drawing of a romantic heart found?
- 4. What was the popular advertising slogan for New York in the 1970s?
- 5. When emojis were first released, how many of them were hearts?

☆ Special thanks to Claire Gorant for this month's LLAB! ☆

- Go to www.et-people.com, listen to the audio, and answer the questions. www.et-people.comでオーディオ を聞いて、以下の質問に答えください。
- Now listen again as you read the transcript at www.et-people.com and check your answer. 次に、読み上げられた英文の内容と 質問の答えをチェックしてください。





ANSWERS

P2 POP QUIZ

1-in a bad mood 2-couldn't help myself 3-How come 4-must have been 5-R.I.P. 6-fortune 7-on hand 8-must be

P2 MATCHING

1-b 2-c 3-d 4-a 5-f 6-h 7-e 8-g

P3 1-POINT QUIZ

①-appointment ②-reservation 1-an appointment 2-a reservation 3–an appointment 4–a reservation 5–a reservation 6–an appointment 7-an appointment 8-a reservation 9–a reservation 10-an appointment

P4 TWITTER QUIZ

1-Beats me 2-Same to you 3-whiteout 4-save face 5-geared towards 6-guru 7-no joke 8-resolutions

P4 SENTENCE SCRAMBLE

- 1–He recognized my voice when I called.
- 2–I recognized the name of my old classmate.
- 3–No one recognized her when she wasn't wearing makeup.
- 4–I didn't recognize any of the songs the DJ played.
- 5–I didn't recognize him because he had aged so much.

P6 PREPOSITIONS

a-for b-from c-than d-from e-In f-in g-X

P6 HOW WOULD YOU RESPOND? 1-c 2-a 3-c

P8 LISTEN CAREFULLY

a-serious b-animals c-ground d-water e-children f-enjoy g-trash

P8 WHAT COMES NEXT?

a-packed b-figured c-known better d-any Sunday e-make a note of it

P9 YOUR TURN

a-car b-soon c-inspection d-Mitsubishi e-order f-wait g-camera

P10 HOW MUCH DO YOU UNDERSTAND? 1-F 2-T 3-F

P10 OUT OF ORDER B-E-C-F-A-D

That's ENGLISH! Not

Becky (B) is talking to her coworker, Kayoko (K), one Friday morning.

- B: Where's Yoshiko? She has a schedule to work today.
- K: She *called in sick** this morning.
- B: Oh, no! She had COVID last month, so it must be the flu. I know it has been going around.
- K: Actually, she's fine.
- B: How do you know?
- K: Don't tell anyone, but she's not sick at all.
- B: Well, where is she then?
- K: She called in sick because she's moving her apartment this weekend. She just wanted three days off.
- B: Oh, she finally found a place?
- K: Yes, she found a nice place that is much wider than her old place. And it's just a short *commute** to work.
- B: Good for her! How do you know so much about it?
- K: I helped her pick it out! You can see it for yourself. She's going to have a party as soon as she gets settled in.
- B: I can't wait! I wonder what she'd like for a housewarming gift*.
 - ★ call in sick = 病欠の電話を入れる
- ★ commute = 通勤[通学]時間
- ★ housewarming gift = 引っ越祝いのギフト

Read the conversation and find the 3 words or phrases that native speakers don't use.

この会話は不自然なところ があります。3個すべて見 英語リスニングが無料でできる! ((

つけることができますか? www.et-people.com

Did you find all 3 of the mistakes? Let's check and practice the phrases.

- 1 has a schedule to
 - → is scheduled to
- We are scheduled to tour the factory on the second day of our trip.
- ы A: When is the meeting again?
 - B: It's scheduled to start at 9:00. I'm not sure how long it will last.
- ② moving her apartment → moving
- We're moving to Tokyo to be closer to my husband's family.
- ы A: Is it true that George and Leona are moving?
 - B: Yeah. She got a job at a university in London. They're moving next month!
- ③ wider → bigger
- I like this apartment, but it's so small. I'm looking for a bigger place.
- ы A: Is that store closing permanently?
 - B: No, they're moving into a bigger building. The new place is scheduled to open in April.

