

## POP GUIZ!

Did you read last month's ETP? Take the quiz! Fill in the blanks with the choices below. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

## barely • doesn't bother • hung up particular • considerate refreshments • longevity • leave

- 1. A: Sorry, I didn't know you were studying.
  - B: That's OK. You can keep practicing. The piano ( ) me.
- 2. A: What's wrong?
  - B: I hiked 10 miles yesterday. Now my legs hurt, and I can ( ) walk!
- 3. A: Do you think Mom would like this?
  - B: I don't know. What's it made of? She's ( ) about what she wears. She only likes 100% cotton.
- 4. A: My grandma lived to be 100, and my great-grandma lived to be 99.
  - B: Wow! Sounds like (
    runs in your family\*.
- 5. A: Mom, why did Dad go outside?
  - B: He wanted to have a cigarette. He's being ( ) of the other people in the restaurant.
- 6. A: What did the travel agent say?
  - B: I never spoke to him. I was *on hold\** for 25 minutes, so I ( ). I'll try to call him again later.
- 7. A: Jane is going to take over for\* Meg.
  - B: Wait, is Meg quitting?
  - A: No, but she's going to take maternity ( ) in the fall, so she has to train Jane to do her job.
- 8. A: The meeting is from 2:00 to 5:00. Should we serve ( ) during the break?
  - B: Hm ... maybe something light, like coffee, tea and some cookies.

Answers on p. 11

- \* run in one's family = 遺伝である
- \* be on hold = 保留で待たされている
- \* take over for A = Aの役目を引き継ぐ

## **MATCHING**

The examples below contain

## let alone ∼

## [~ はもちろん・まして~なんて]

Can you match the parts that go together? 上と下をつないで意味の通る文章を作りましょう。

He's too shy to stand on stage, ... [1]=[b]

I've never ridden a scooter, ... [2]=[

I don't want to see anyone today, ... [3]=[

She isn't old enough to *date\**, ... [4]=[

He can't manage a project team, ... [5]=[

In those days, we couldn't

afford to\* eat out, ... [6]=[ ]

I don't have time for a trip to the

nearest beach, ... [7]=[ ]

We don't have enough *room*\* for

another chair in our office, ... [8]=[ ]

[a] ... let alone a trip to Hawaii.

[b] ... let alone sing in front of everyone.

[c] ... let alone get married.

[d] ... let alone a big motorcycle like that!

[e] ... let alone this whole company.

[f] ... let alone Bob and his rude\* friends.

[g] ... let alone a big sofa like that.

[h] ... let alone eat at a nice restaurant like this!

★ date = 気持ち悪い

Answers on p. 11

★ afford to do = 余裕がある

★ room = 空間, スペース

★ rude = 失礼な, 無例な

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## 1-POINT GUIZ

ボックス内の例を見て、ルールを考えて、 クイズを解いて見ましょう。

Using **IT** and **ONE** can be confusing. Look at the examples:

- ① A: This cake is so good! Did you make it? (it = this cake)
  - B: Yes. I can make you **one** for your birthday. (one = a cake)
- ② A: Oh, no! I forgot to bring my cell phone charger. I'll have to buy **one**. (one = a charger)
  - B: I have **one**. You can use **it**. (one = a charger it = my charger)

## What's the Rule?

Circle the correct answer.

- ① [IT ONE] refers to a specific thing that was mentioned before. It replaces the ~ my ~ that ~ etc.
- ② [IT ONE] refers to one of many things. It replaces a ~ or an ~.

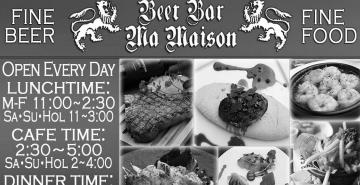
## Choose the best answer in each sentence.

- I have an extra bicycle. You can borrow [it / one] if you want to.
- 2. If you don't have a *canoe*\*, you can rent [ it / one ] at the lake.
- 3. I borrowed my dad's car, and I have to return [it / one] by 5:00.
- 4. Those cookies you made look really good. Can I have [ it / one ]?
- 5. My computer is acting up\* again. Can you take a look at [ it / one ]?
- 6. Here is a list of books. You have to pick [it / one], read it, and write about it.
- 7. This watch is really old. My mom gave [it / one] to my dad sixty years ago.
- 8. I have to fill out this form and send [it / one] to the university by the 1st.
- 9. Hi, Jim. Sorry I'm late. I set my alarm, but I didn't hear [ it / one ] go off\* this morning.
- I want to buy a new chair for the living room, but I've looked everywhere and can't find [ it / one ] I like.
- canoe = カヌー
- act up = 正常に動作しない
- go off = 鳴る

Answers on p.11

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# twitter quiz

Fill in the blanks with the choices below. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

# make of • hats off to • rest up • ticket gate worst comes to worst • unpredictable half-and-half • hydrogen water

- 1. A: What are you drinking?
  - B: ( ). They say it's better for you than regular water.
- 2. A: Keith and Jen both finished the marathon!
  - B: ( ) them! I can't run 10 km, let alone\* over 42 km!

١Ś

- 3. A: Milk and sugar in your coffee?
  - B: Do you have (
  - A: No, sorry. I just have milk.
- 4. A: What do you ( ) the footprints we found by the window?
  - B: I think they belong to\* the person who broke into\* the house.
- 5. A: Are you going to bed? It's so early.
  - B: Yes. We have a long hike tomorrow, so I want to (
  - A: I should, too. I'll be up in a minute.
- 6. A: Where at the station should I meet you?
  - B: I'll wait for you just before you go through the south ( ).
  - A: OK. See you there at 6:00.
- 7. A: Do you think we'll be able to get a taxi?
  - B: I don't know. It might be hard since it's rush hour. But if ( ), we can walk. It's not far from the station.
- 8. A: It's really coming down\*!
  - B: I know. The sun was shining just 20 minutes ago and now it's pouring\*. The weather is so ( ) these days.
  - B: It sure is.

Answers on p. 11

- let alone  $\sim$  =  $\pm$  100
- break into A = Aに押しは入る
- · really coming down = pouring = 激しく降っている

## Sentence Scramble

Can you unscramble E-class's sentences? 単語を並べ替えて文章を作りましょう。

Let's practice using **give up on + doing** [ ~すること[=夢・希望など]を諦める]

EX: a He up to on got job and gave going college

He gave up on going to college and got a job.

- 1. up on her She cat lost will give never finding
- 2. a I up on star won't give movie becoming

a up on job you Don't like ever give finding

- 4. a I up on nest birds have think those given building
- 5. of up on she's years After dieting, losing given weight

Answers on p.11

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## My Virtual Assistant Doesn't Work

Dorothy is in her 80s, and she's generally healthy. She was perfectly able to take care of herself until she was hit by a car while crossing the street a few weeks ago. She was taken to the hospital, where doctors found that she had a **fractured hip**. They **replaced her hip**, and she had to stay in the hospital for two weeks.

On the day that Dorothy got out of the hospital, she thanked her nurses one by one. Everyone laughed because she got all of their names wrong. She called Kelly "Katie." She called Molly "Melinda." She called Jake "Justin." They didn't mind. They knew Dorothy just wasn't good with names! They were all going to miss her.

Dorothy didn't want to stay with either of her kids, Jack and Heather, after surgery. But they were worried that she might fall or have some other health emergency, so they decided to get her a **smart speaker**.

Jack ordered one that was **compatible with** Dorothy's phone. It only took him a few minutes to set it up. Then he and Heather showed her how to ask the **virtual assistant**, Alexa, to do things like take notes, check the weather and call

1000 ho

someone. This last **function** was the most important because she could use it to call for help if she fell and couldn't get up.

When they were sure she knew how to use it, Jack and Heather left. They felt better knowing she could call 911 or one of them if she needed help.

Soon after Heather got home, her mom called her. She said, "Sorry, honey. I think my smart speaker is broken."

Heather was surprised. They had tested it many times. "What do you mean, Mom? It was working when I left."

"Well, I must have done something. **No matter what** I ask it to do, nothing happens," Dorothy explained. "Maybe I'm not using the right **commands**. I don't know."

Heather said, "OK, Mom. What was the last thing you asked it to do?"

"I just asked what the weather was going to be like tomorrow," Dorothy explained.

"OK. But what did you say exactly, Mom?"

"I said, 'Andrea, what's the weather going to be like tomorrow?' and nothing happened!"

fractured hip = 骨折した股関節 replace someone's hip = 人工股関節置換手術をする A doesn't mind = Aは気にしない good with names = 名前を覚えるが得意である smart speaker = Alが搭載された音声操作スピーカー compatible with A = Aに対応する virtual assistant = 仮想アシスタント function = 機能 no matter 疑問詞+S+V = ~であろうとも command = 命令 英語リスニングが無料でできる! Www.et-people.com





## PREPOSITIONS

Put the prepositions in the blanks to finish Karen's story. Use each ONLY ONCE and write **X** if none is needed.

空欄に前置詞を入れましょう。それぞれ一度しか使うことはできません。 前置詞の必要ない場所にはXを入れて下さい。(Answers on p.11)

## to in in on for about X

I like to keep my room organized\*, but a few months ago, it felt disorganized\*. I decided to buy a new cabinet (a)\_\_\_ my room, so I started looking for one. I looked at lots of them (b) stores and (c)\_\_\_\_\_ the Internet, but I couldn't decide which one to buy, because none of the cabinets were right for my room. They were all the wrong size, the wrong color, or out of my price range! (d) the end, I gave up on buying\* one because I couldn't find one I liked\*. Instead, I decided to *clean out\** and organize (e) my closet and other cabinet. After I finished. I liked the new way that everything was stored. But now I'm worried (f) one thing — that I will forget where I put things! This has happen (g) me before. It always takes some time for me to get used to\* my new storage system.

- organized = 整理された
- disorganized = 乱雑な
- give up on doing = ~すことを諦める
- one I like = 気に入ったの
- clean out A = Aの中をきれいに掃除する
- store A = Aを保管する, しまっておく
- get used to A = Aに慣れる

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# Respond?

可能な返事が3つあります。 当てはまらないものに X をつけましょう。 There are 3 correct responses and 1 that doesn't fit. Find the ONE answer that DOES NOT make sense.

A: Let's see ... how about *Parasite*?

B: Oh, a thriller!

A: Have you seen it?

B: ( 1

a. Not yet.

b. No, it hasn't.

c. No. I've been wanting to see it!

d. Yes, but I could watch it again!

A: It's 5:30. One more episode?

B: No, I'd better get dinner started.

A: Need some help?
B: ( 2

a. Sure, if you want some.

b. No, thanks. I can handle it.

c. That's OK. You keep watching.

d. If you don't mind, that'd be great.

A: Could you take a look at my car?

B: Sure. What seems to be the problem?

A: It's making a strange noise.

B: ( 3 )

a. What does it sound like?

b. I see. What kind of noise?

c. Where is the noise coming from?

d. Could you please explain the noise?



# **Sugan's Diary**

♦ Thursday, July 21st (10:05 p.m.)

I have next Thursday off! I rarely get a weekday off, so I was thrilled\* to find out that our school will be closed on the 28th because of building maintenance! I want to make the most of my day off, so I'll ask my friends if they want to go somewhere.

♦ Saturday, July 23rd (10:05 p.m.)

Well, it looks like everyone has to work next Thursday **except** Maya. She hasn't taken any **vacation days** yet this year, so she can take the day off and go somewhere with me! I don't really care where we go, and she really wants to go to Nagashima Spa Land, so that's where we're going. I can't wait!

♦ Thursday, July 28th (11:05 p.m.)

Maya and I had a great time today! When we got to Nagashima Spa Land, it wasn't too crowded, but it got busier around noon. The lines weren't too long. It was hot, but it **sprinkled** a couple of times. We didn't mind the rain at all. It cooled us off a little bit. The park has so many attractions that we couldn't visit them all. But we rode every **ride** we wanted to ride, including the Steel Dragon, and we ate everything we wanted to eat. We had a great day!

Notes and examples:

### weekday = $\Psi \Box$

- ① The mall is quiet\* on weekdays.
- ② A: Do you have to work on Saturday? B: No, I only work on weekdays.

## make the most of A = A を思い切り楽しむ, A を最大限に活用する

- ① Let's make the most of this beautiful day!
- ② A: Why are you up so early? It's only 5:30!
  B: I want to make the most of every day during our trip!

### **except =** ~を除いて, ~以外に

- ① I get up early every day except on Sunday.
- ② A: Who's going to the beach tomorrow? B: Everyone except Betty. She has to work.

### vacation day = 休暇

- ① I'm taking a vacation day next Friday. I'm going on a 3-day cruise!
- ② A: I get only 3 sick days and 5 vacation days per year.
  - B: You're lucky! I don't get any paid sick days

### sprinkle= 雨がぱらつく

- ① It's not raining hard. It's just sprinkling.
- ② A: It's supposed to rain later today. B: It's already sprinkling.

## ride = 乗る / (遊園地の)乗り物

- ① There are lots of thrilling rides and other attractions at that amusement park.
- ② A: I want to ride all the rides! B: OK, but which one should we ride first?

\*thrilled = 喜んで, 興奮して \*quiet = 静な, 暇な

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## LISTEN CAREFULLY

Go to www.et-people.com to listen to the audio and fill in the blanks with the words you hear. オーディオを聞いて、空欄に入る語句を記入して下さい。

The following is an announcement heard at the end an office meeting.

Everyone, can I have your attention again, please? Mr. Greenfield has asked me to remind all of you about the company policy concerning expense (a)\_\_\_\_\_. A number of employees have been submitting\* expense reports for reimbursement\* after the monthly cut-off date, which is the (b)\_\_\_\_\_, and pushing the accounting staff to process the reports and reimburse\* them by the (c) of the month. This puts an extra burden on the people in the accounting department and leads to (d) work for them, which results in additional costs for the company. As of August 2022, the (e) will be strictly enforced\*. Any reports submitted late will be processed with the expenses of the (f) month, and employees who submit receipts more than (g)\_\_\_\_\_ days after the date of the expenditure\*, as shown on the receipt, will not be paid back for the expenses at all. Please understand that there will be no exceptions. Thank you.

- **submit A** = Aを提出する
- reimbursement= 弁財
- reimburse somoene (for A) =人に(Aを)返金する
- enforce A = Aを実施する



## **What Comes Next?**

Use the expressions below to fill in the blanks. 下の表現を使って空欄を埋めましょう。

Aya (A) is talking to her friend Kate (K) over lunch.

- A: Those earrings are so cute! Where did you get them?
- K: I bought them yesterday at CreFest 2022.
- A: I've never heard of it. What is it?
- K: I'm guessing it's (a)\_ "creators' festival." It's held twice a year.
- A: Oh, so it's like an art exhibit?
- run by artists selling their creations.
- A: Sounds cool. Besides jewelry, what kinds of things were the artists selling?
- K: Oh, there was pottery ... there were some handmade purses — all kinds of things!
- A: How did you (c) about it?
- A: I (d) go there when the event was being held once. Now I go there every time. One of the artists always let's me know when she's coming.
- A: I'll have to (e)\_\_\_\_\_
- K: You'd better hurry! The last day is the 14th!

find out • short for • not exactly check it out • happened to





## our Turn

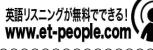
空欄に入る言葉を考えてみましょう。 数字、動詞、熟語などを入れてください。 答は11ページを参考にして下さい。

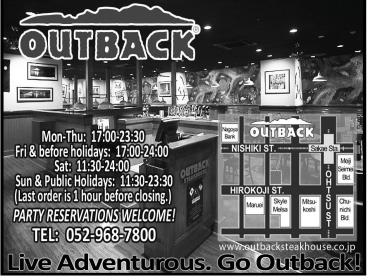
Use your imagination to fill in the blanks in the story below with a number, a verb, a phrase, etc. Sometimes there is more than one right answer. Then compare your answers to Tosi's on p.11.

Haru's family, his friend's family, ill, but all of my (g) Yacht Harbor to (c) schedule a Seto Inland Sea cruise and prevent the spread of infection. from August 3rd to 12th. Then, on July 14th, I got shocking news when I got a (d)\_\_\_\_\_ from Harbormaster Oka. He said, "I've caught the coronavirus! A few days after you visited me, I felt a little sick, so I took a PCR test, and I tested positive\*."

That meant that I was a close contact\*, so I took a PCR test at a nearby clinic. The results were (e was worried about my daughter Nachi and grandchildren Haru and Tsumugi because I had been spending a lot of time with them. In the end, my daughter's whole family (f) July was a turbulent\* month for me me. Fortunately, I was able to return to and my (a) ! First, my daily routine after 10 days of home on July 2nd and 3rd, my grandson treatment\* without getting seriously Mary (my dog), and I had a great during that time got canceled. The \_\_\_ at Shima Yacht *highly contagious\** BA.5 *variant\** is Harbor. The following week, on July spreading, even to people who are 10th, Mary and I went back to Shima vaccinated, in the neighborhood where I live. For the time being\*, we need to with Harbormaster Oka to plan and try to control our comings and goings

- ・turbulent = 波乱の
- ・test positive (for A) = Aの検査で陽性と出る
- · close contact = 濃厚接触者
- home treatment = 在宅治療
- ・highly contagious = 伝染性の高い
- · variant = 変異株
- ・for the time being = 当分の間







## HOW MUCH UNDERSTANDS

Read the paragraph and answer the TRUE/FALSE (本当ならT嘘ならF) questions. Answers on p.11.

Some people think science is just a subject we have to study in junior high and high school. I was one of those people. I thought science didn't affect regular people like me. Now I understand that science is something that can and does change our lives. Applied science, or scientific knowledge that is put to practical use, in the field of medicine has given us a longer life expectancy. field of agriculture, the the application of science has led to increased food production. And in the communication field, science has given us computers, cell phones and the Internet, which have greatly improved our ability to communicate with each other. So, if you think science doesn't interest you or affect you directly, you'd better think again!

- T•F 1. Applied science is the use of science to solve practical problems.
- T F 2. Thanks to science, people live longer today than they did in the past.
- T F 3. Science has only improved our farming methods, not our methods of communication.



## **OUT OF ORDER**

## Can you put the story back in order?

ストーリーを順序通りに 並べることができますか?



The manager was working late one night getting recently donated items ready for sale\* when she heard a meowing sound.

\*get A ready for B = BのためにAを準備[用意]する

She thought it must be a stray cat\* outside, and she kept working, going from one item to the next, cleaning, polishing and repairing the items.

\*stray cat = 野良猫

When she got to the black recliner that had been donated that afternoon, she noticed that the meowing stopped.

\*recliner/reclining chair = リクライニングチェア

A thrift shop\* manager discovered a surprise inside a donated chair — a scared cat!

\*thrift shop = 中古品店, リサイクルショップ

That's when she realized the cat was inside the recliner, and she tried to *lure* it *out\**. Unfortunately, the scared cat would not move.

\*lure A out = Aをおびき出す

The next morning, she called the people who had donated the chair and asked if they were *missing\** a cat. They came right away and took the poor cat home.

\*missing A = Aがない[いない]のに気づく

The correct order is \_\_\_ \_\_ \_\_ \_\_ (Answer on p.11)



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## **SIMPLIFY IT!**

This story is easy to understand if you replace the words in bold with the words/phrases below.

ボールド体の難しい単語や熟語を下の簡単な 単語に置き換えてみましょう。

It's common for Americans to drink alcohol. but there are some legal @restrictions on the sale and possession of alcohol that visitors to America might find peculiar. First, the legal drinking age is 21 throughout the States. People under 30 or people who look \*particularly young are usually asked to show a photo I.D. when entering a bar or when buying alcohol, even at a restaurant or supermarket. Selling alcohol to @minors is illegal, as is selling alcohol past a certain hour, usually 2:00 a.m., and bars can be punished for breaking these rules. Drinking in public places, like parks or beaches, is also usually banned, and most communities have laws against drunk and disorderly sconduct. If you plan to visit the U.S., be aware of these laws and remember that regulations vary according to state and county.

behavior • strange • limits especially • people under 21

Answers on p. 11

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## **ANSWERS**

### P2 POP QUIZ

1-doesn't bother 2-barely 3-particular 4-longevity 5-considerate 6-hung up 7-leave 8-refreshments

### **P2 MATCHING**

1-b 2-d 3-f 4-c 5-e 6-h 7-a 8-g P3 1-POINT QUIZ 1)-It 2)-One

1-it 2- one 3-it 4-one 5-it 6-one 7-it 8-it 9-it 10-one

### **P4 TWITTER QUIZ**

1–Hydrogen water 2–Hats off to 3–half-and-half 4–make of 5–rest up 6–ticket gate 7–worst comes to worst 8–unpredictable

### P4 SENTENCE SCRAMBLE

1—She will never give up on finding her lost cat.

2-I won't give up on becoming a movie star!

3–Don't ever give up on finding a job you like.

4–I think those birds have given up on making a nest.

5–After years of dieting, she's given up on losing weight.

### **P6 PREPOSITIONS**

a-for b-in c-on d-In e-X f-about g-to

### P6 HOW WOULD YOU RESPOND?

1-b 2-a 3-d

### **P8 LISTEN CAREFULLY**

a-reports b-15th c-end d-overtime e-deadline f-following g-40

### **P8 WHAT COMES NEXT?**

a-short for b-Not exactly c-find out d-happened to e-check it out

### **P9 YOUR TURN**

a-family b-time c-meet d-call e-positive f-caught g-plans

## P10 HOW MUCH DO YOU UNDERSTAND?

1-T 2-T 3-F

**P10 OUT OF ORDER**: D-A-B-C-E-F

### P11 SIMPLIFY:

1-limits 2-strange 3-especially 4-people under 21 5-behavior

# That's ENGLISH!

Matthew Cobb (M) is on the phone with one of his customers in Osaka, Tomoya Kitano (K).

- M: Hi, Kitano san. It's Matthew Cobb from PepCo.
- K: Hi, Matthew san! What can I do for you?
- M: I'm going to be in Osaka tomorrow and the day after that. I was hoping I could meet with you while I'm there.
- K: Hm, let me see.... My schedule is *pretty\** full tomorrow, but late Friday afternoon I'm OK, say, around 4:00?
- M: Great.
- K: What do you want to see me about?
- M: I've got some samples of new products to show you from our new line coming out next year. I think you'll be interested.
- K: I look forward to seeing them.
- M: By the way, are you convenient after work that day?
- K: I don't think I have any schedule ...
- M: Then, why don't I treat you to\* dinner?
- K: Sounds great!
- M: I'll stop by your office at 4:00.
- K: See you then.

★ pretty = 結構, かなり, とても

★ treat someone to A = 人にAをおごる[ごちそうする]

Read the conversation and find the 3 words or phrases that native English speakers don't use.

この会話は不自然なところがあります。3 個すべて見つけることができますか?



## Did you find all 3 of the mistakes? Let's check and practice the phrases:

- ① I'm OK → is OK with me
- The 15th is OK with me, but John can't make it. Is the 16th OK with you?
- - B: Monday at 10:00 is OK with me.
- 2 convenient → free / available
- I'm busy that morning, but I'm **free** in the afternoon.
- **▶** A: Are you **available** on Tuesday at 1:00?
  - B: I'm afraid not. I'm **free** that day at 3:00. Would that be convenient for you?
- 3 schedule → plans
- A: Want to go see a movie tomorrow?

  B: I'd love to, but I have **plans** with my mom.
- <u>▶</u> A: Do you have **plans** for Sunday evening?
  - B: No. I don't think so.
  - A: Then come over for some barbecue!

